

WASHINGTON.
SATURDAY, June 17, 1899.
CROSBY S. NOYES, Editor.

THE EVENING STAR has a regular and permanent family circulation much more than the combined circulation of the other Washington dailies. As a News and Advertising Medium it has no competitor.

In order to avoid delays, on account of personal absence, letters to THE STAR should not be addressed to any individual connected with the office, but simply to THE STAR, or to the Editorial or Business Departments, according to tenor or purpose.

The Anti-Bryan Democrats.

The proposition to retire Mr. Bryan from the leadership of the democracy is a confession on the part of those who make it that his views are too extreme and that success at the polls with them is out of the question. But to abandon the views that Mr. Bryan represents would be to draw near to, and so in a measure endorse the views that Mr. McKinley represents. Would that insure success?

The man who favors sound money is in a humor to compromise that question. He does not want money printed in a little. He wants the altogether genuine article. And such a man, who puts the money question ahead of all other questions, will be likely next year to support the ticket which stands without qualification for sound money. To fish for him with a silver hook baited with campaign guff would be idle employment.

The man who favors protection may have his views on how high the bars should be erected, but experience has taught him that protection to be applied effectively in the national policy must be openly avowed. The Gorman-Wilson tariff bill carried protection duties, but they were prepared modestly by those who had promised a free trade measure, and therefore business interests were injured. The Dingley bill was prepared by those who boldly proclaimed protection, and business interests were largely restored by it. The figures were more regular, and followed more closely logical lines. The protectionist, therefore, will find no difficulty next year in making choice of a ticket.

The question of expansion is not as yet clearly defined, but expansion itself is an accomplished fact. The man who believes in holding on to the new territory can hardly be expected to support a ticket nominated on an imperial program for all that has been done. If he regrets the ticket which represents both pride in the achievements of the war and an unreserved assumption of all the responsibilities that have followed.

The democracy's extreme stand under Mr. Bryan's leadership is at once its strength and its weakness. If it is to win at all it must be in direct opposition to the other side. If it undertakes to trim or evade it is certain to be swamped.

The East and Trusts.

Governor Roosevelt of New York and Governor Dyer of Rhode Island have declined Governor Sayre's invitation to attend the St. Louis conference on the subject of trusts, and it is impossible that their example will be generally followed out of the allegiance. This is to be regretted. The east is, or ought to be, particularly interested in the subject. She supplies the great bulk of trust capital, and many of those organizations are chartered under her laws and operated by her citizens. At any general meeting therefore where trusts are the subject of special consideration and are recognized as a menace to the people the east ought to be represented.

This St. Louis conference takes on additional consequence by reason of Mr. Havemeyer's now famous deliverance. Although called without regard to politics, it will probably take note of what the sugar king has said about trusts, and thus the tariff and protection will figure in the discussion. And so the friends of protection should not neglect an opportunity to go on record and show how inaccurate and misleading the Havemeyer allegations, arguments and deductions are.

As a matter of fact, this evil of trusts grows out of unusually prosperous times in a country enjoying unusual business facilities. The protective tariff has helped develop the industries of the country and to attract immigration. We are producing largely for a population which is consuming largely, and that helps everybody. Everybody should desire this state of affairs to continue. But the trusts, seizing the opportunity, are moving to crush out competition, and for their own purposes to control the markets and dictate prices. While the crushing goes on, prices are low; when it is completed and monopoly is established, they may be put at figures to suit the trusts.

The tariff is involved only to the extent that it helps to make the good times. The country's markets are protected by it. It could not be discarded without injury to the country. It will not be discarded. The only question, at issue, therefore, is the putting in restraint of corporations whose object it is to skim the cream of the country's prosperity for their own benefit. The states could not change the tariff, but it is advisable to do so, but it is in their power to control the trusts, and they should exercise that power.

Cubans who are laying down arms need not be reminded of the futility of any attempt to make old-fashioned weapons do duty as repeaters.

Oom Paul may be ready to provide the gentlemen at The Hague with a test case as soon as they have concluded their deliberations.

A number of people are getting tired of the dialogue in the Sampson-Schley performance and would like a lively lyric.

The Luzon Campaign.

A drift of public opinion in favor of strongly reinforcing Gen. Otis in Luzon for the speedier pacification of the Philippines is clearly apparent. All the accounts from Manila of late have served to show that the military problem is more difficult of solution than was at first believed. The insurgent forces have managed to avoid a pitched battle at any decisive point and have contrived thereby to preserve their organization and sufficient strength to wage a persistent warfare. Taking advantage of the advent of the wet season, which was a signal to cease aggressive operations, they have instituted a forward movement on their own behalf and have assailed our troops in two places, south of Manila and now at San Fernando in the north. Thus conditions have developed which were a few weeks ago considered improbable, in view of the peace overtures of the insurgents, suggesting the necessity of materially strengthening the American lines to permit a sharp campaign despite the climate.

It is not to be forgotten that any troops raised now either by the expansion of the regular regiments or the enlistment of volunteers in this country can be made available for service in Luzon much before the close of the wet season there. At the best they can not begin to arrive in numbers before September 1, and by the time they are organized for field duty the wet weather will have practically ended. So that any steps to this end are to be taken with a clear view of the chance of the insurgents persisting until the autumn. Gen. Otis is perfectly able to hold the ground he now occupies. The engagement yesterday at San Fernando demonstrated the capacity of our troops to defend themselves against the rushes of the insurgents, while the fighting

south of Manila has apparently resulted in clearing out the last remnants of the harbor and the lagoon.

It may be that any steps taken by the administration to enlarge the army of pacification three or four months ago would have met with loud protests from certain quarters in this country. So upset was the public mind through the malevolent agencies antagonistic to the government that perhaps an effort to enlist recruits or volunteers would have been only partially successful. But now the conditions have changed. A clearer appreciation of the public duty and the needs of the hour is developing and it is not to be anticipated that there would be any material difficulty in raising the necessary reinforcements and no loud or representative clamor against the enterprise. The country understands its task better now in the light of a little experience and a free discussion, and it would loyally sustain the administration in any effort to insure the speedy termination of hostilities and complete pacification.

Water and Oil.

A trust transaction is just reported which further reveals the error of Mr. Havemeyer's denunciation of the high tariff system as his own commercial parent. The Standard Oil Company yesterday increased its capital stock from \$10,000,000 to \$110,000,000, an eleven-times expansion. As noted editorially yesterday by The Star, the company is not only the largest in the world, but it is the connection between the Oil Trust and the protective system is today undiscernible. There is no item in the tariff rates to justify any change in the financial basis of the company nor is there prospect of an amendment of the rates to warrant such a change. The cause permitting such a result must be sought outside of the federal statute books.

The Standard Oil Company is chartered under the laws of the state of New Jersey. Those laws are probably more liberal toward the great commercial combinations than the statutes of any other state. To indicate their scope it is but necessary to note the ponderous records of the commonwealth in the matter of incorporations. According to the terms of the charter granted by this state to the Standard Oil Company it is empowered to perform the following named functions:

"To do all kinds of mining, manufacturing and trading; to transport goods and merchandise by land and water in any manner; to buy, sell, lease and improve land, build and construct bridges, roads, cars, wharves, docks and piers; to lay and operate pipe lines; to erect and operate telegraph and telephone lines and lines for conducting electricity; to enter into and carry out contracts of every kind pertaining to its business; to acquire, use, sell and lease land and buildings; to purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, assign and transfer shares of capital stock and bonds or other evidences of indebtedness of corporations; and to exercise all the privileges of ownership, including voting upon the stocks so held; to carry on its business and have offices and agencies wherever in all parts of the world, and to hold, purchase, mortgage and convey real estate and personal property outside of the state of New Jersey."

Mr. Havemeyer should by all means be recalled to the stand by the industrial commission and cross-questioned as to his view of the links that bind the protective system and the trusts together as mother and offspring. He should be asked to explain the relation between the free-listing of oil and the eleven-times enlargement of capital stock of the Standard Oil Company. Also the connection between the protective system and the absolute license granted to this and other corporations by the statutes of the state of New Jersey.

Mr. Havemeyer might perhaps be led to explain the causes operating to create the conditions in New Jersey contributing to these remarkable legislative enactments. If he is in earnest in his parent-hood he might be able to trace his genealogical ambitions to another source than a tariff bill.

Party Government in France.

The unexpected declination of M. Poincare to continue his effort to form a French Ministry accentuates the crisis confronting President Loubet and the difficulties ahead of M. Waldeck-Rousseau, who is now trying to hold his hand at cabinet-making. These sudden turns in the public affairs of the French reveal the instability of political conditions in the republic. Incidentally they disclose the value of the American system of fixed tenures of administration. Government by party, such as prevails here, in France and in England, depends for its effectiveness upon the definiteness of the party divisions. To be strong and to exercise power must represent not only a majority of the people, but a distinctive principle of government.

Strict party rule in France is almost an impossibility today, because of the division of the men of affairs into a multitude of groups with merging views of the broader questions of the hour. From radical to royalist the interval is graduated into factions, no two of which can stand together on a common footing on all problems and most of which are violently opposed in principle to each other, while none is large enough to work alone at administration. The process of cabinet-forming, therefore, is a herculean task. The antagonisms accumulate faster than they can be healed by patriotic appeals.

Mr. Bailey of Texas has again declared with tears in his voice that if ever the U. S. Constitution feels the need of a true, disinterested friend it has only to drop him a postal card.

Aguinado has given up his ambition to be celebrated as the George Washington of the Philippines. He will be content to be known as the "artful dodger."

Jockey Tod Sloan can stand a great deal of work on horse back, but he appears to have some difficulty in his effort to manage a case of bucking prosperity.

It is to be regretted that the Cleveland strikers cannot pattern after the Paris mob's comparative orderliness and reliability.

President Kruger can furnish a very interesting ultimatum himself if the occasion becomes urgent.

A Story of Arbitration.

Arbitration is making progress at The Hague conference. If something shall be accomplished on that line the meeting will be reckoned a success. Disarmament is a dream. And men of inventive genius whose attention is turned to implements of warfare are not likely to be coerced into an abandonment of their studies. The only hope of the meeting is arbitration.

So, upon the return of Prof. Martens from Paris, he left his fellow delegates at The Hague the story leading up to the Paris tribunal. One of the strongest of the nations is there in arbitration with one of the weakest of the nations. The question in dispute is one that has sometimes led to war between nations, but it is one which should always be settled by arbitration. The story need not be minced or minimized. The strong nation was not inclined at first to submit the question to arbitration. It only consented to do so at the very urgent instance of another strong nation, which championed the cause of the weak nation. But arbitration was finally agreed upon, and at Paris now are gathered men of world-wide reputation seeking to settle by means of peace a controversy which for a time threatened war.

What has followed the ordering of the court at Paris. When the United States insisted upon arbitration it looked for a moment as if it had taken the place of Venezuela in the quarrel. The aspect of affairs

was very grave. But England, in a wise hour, conceded the point, and since then her relations with the United States have not only improved, but they are closer now than ever before. When the United States became involved in war with Spain its enemies throughout Europe were very hopeful that the star about the Venezuelan boundary line would show in England's attitude in the premises. But they were disappointed. England's sympathies went out instantly and cordially to the United States, and the two peoples are as brothers today.

The story, in all of its particulars and bearing, is instructive and worth considering, and makes for peace. And it is of all the more interest at The Hague, as both England and the United States are working in conjunction there in behalf of arbitration as a settled policy for all nations.

Eastern Kentucky might take more interest in Col. Watterson's convention call if it were not engaged in struggling with a free lead problem.

King Oscar finds that he can be spared from international disputes long enough to take up the question of Andree's safety.

Mr. Havemeyer takes a Topsy-like satisfaction in commenting on how bad the Sugar Trust is.

SHOOTING STARS.

Adventures.

"I hear there are some cases of brigandage around here," said the tourist.

"Well," answered the hospitable Cuban, "I'd advise you to sleep with your firearms under your pillow."

"Is there so much danger as that?"

"Oh, I don't exactly mean to say there is any danger; but I don't believe in spreading temptations. If you were to leave your firearms around loose some of the boys might be tempted to take 'em up to the alcaide and lay 'em down at seventy-five per."

His Oration.

"Down with the trusts! For swift they run into a vortex wild of pelf; Down with them all—excepting one, For I have stock in that myself."

Misunderstood.

"I will stand up for my convictions in this matter," said the politician, sternly.

"Conventions!" echoed Senator Borghum, apprehensively. "Why, man, it hasn't gone so far as that. They haven't even arrested anybody."

An Immune.

"Do you think," said he, "that one can live in New York and remain absolutely ignorant of the ways of this wicked world?"

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "not unless he happens to be chief of police or something like that."

In a Single Night.

"Mushrooms are queer vegetables," said the professor. "At night there will be no trace of them, and in the morning they will be found sturdy and full grown."

"Yes," answered the man who lives in a town where all wires are supposed to be underground, "mushrooms are queer that way. And I've noticed the same thing about telegraph and telephone poles."

Overtaken.

There is no hammering on the drums To make things loud and glorious, When he in blazing splendor comes, All haughty and victorious.

In total silence he appears, And few have the ability To check their sighs and stop their sneers And greet him with civility.

But naught he cares, this martinet, For critical acidity, For he's the biggest general yet, Old General Humidity.

What They Would Like to See.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

Anti-administration papers would be delighted to see an Indian war break out in the United States so as to compel the President to keep the regular army and call out volunteers for the Philippines. They want something on which to base their cry of "militarism."

Wanted—An Issue.

From the Boston Journal.

Six members of the national democratic committee declined to answer the Chicago Times-Herald's question whether the democratic party next year should be "Free coinage," "Down with the trusts," or a mixture of both. Six wise men, indeed! Between an issue soundly beaten and an issue that may become the property of the republican as well as of the democratic party, there isn't much choice. Persons with issues to sell or to rent should communicate with the Hon. W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Nebraska.

Protection and Trusts.

From the Baltimore American.

The Standard Oil monopoly had no conception what to do with the tariff. It dealt in a product not protected by the tariff, and after establishing itself fully in America it extended its bribe arms into other countries, and is today the most colossal trust on the globe, comparing with the sugar trust, great as the latter is, very much as a mouse does with a poodle. Other trusts could be cited which have increased more rapidly since relieved from protection than before.

Honoring A. Cambon.

From the New York Tribune.

The degree of doctor of laws will be worthily conferred upon M. Cambon. This accomplished diplomatist showed himself last year a most efficient practitioner in international law, and by his efforts, and was called in by Spain to act in her behalf, and do but his services were by no means without profit to the United States as well, and it will be particularly fitting for the oldest United States university to bestow upon him this somewhat unusual if not unique tribute of esteem.

Good Advice to Wheelmen.

From the New York Herald.

Hot, tired, dusty, thirsty, the city wheelman on his run over country roads these days is on the constant lookout for the "good old farmer's well," at which he can quench his thirst. But he should bear in mind that the good old farmer is apt to have a bad old well, and half the ills with which bicyclists are attacked are due to the drinking of foul water by the wayside.

A thirst that has been increasing with every turn of the wheel on the dusty roads grows an enchantment to the picturesque vine-grown well house, and the cool water that comes up in the moss-covered bucket seems like a gift from heaven. But it isn't. It's given by the gentleman with the "whiskers on his chin" and the wisp of straw between his teeth who runs the farm. And he is by no means particularly particular as to the drainage that runs near his well.

If the bicyclist wants to keep his health and avoid typhoid let him be cautious where he drinks on his country runs.

Another Problem on Hand.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Mrs. Baker, one of the parties in the Baker-Howard feud in Kentucky, declares that she "will train her eleven sons so the height of their ambition shall be to kill a White or a Howard," and, no doubt, she will do it. Now, what is civilization going to do with such a woman?

Introducing the "New Diplomacy."

From the New York Mail and Express.

One wholesome result of the peace conference will be an introduction to all the nations of Europe of the "new diplomacy," as practiced by representatives of the United States. The American delegation declared at once its sincerity and earnestness, and gave pointed and definite direction to the peace conference. The European diplomats of Europe were amazed, but they have accorded to the United States and Great Britain a predominant influence. However indefinite may be the outcome of the conference, the United States will have proved its ability to sustain its new rank as a great world power.

S. KANN, SONS & CO.

Always the best of everything for the least money.

The Busy Corner.

OPEN LATE TONIGHT.

Our four-hour specials are on again—they go well with our Saturday night patrons.

We always lessen the prices on every item we advertise. Good things for an evening's round of pleasure at the busiest store in Washington.

- 6 to 10. Barnard's Complexion Cream 12c.
- 6 to 10. Colgate's Shaving Soap, sticks or cakes..... 4c.
- 6 to 10. Imported Brilliantine Hair Tonic..... 10c.
- 6 to 10. Dr. Raub's Egg White Soap 5c.
- 6 to 10. Fancy Braid Hats and Short-back Sailors. Were 50c. and \$1.00..... 10c.
- 6 to 10. Fancy All-silk Ribbon, with drawn strings for ruffling and dress trimming..... 5c.
- 6 to 10. 14-inch Colored Border Fringed Linen Napkins..... 2c.
- 6 to 10. 18-inch Bleached Linen Toweling, fast selvege... 634c.
- 6 to 10. 16x50 Fringed Linen Bureau Scarfs..... 19c.
- 6 to 10. Large Size Cocoa Door Mats 29c.
- 6 to 10. Best Quality 15-inch Stair Oilcloth..... 534c.
- 6 to 10. Large Size White Crochet Bed Spreads..... 49c.
- 6 to 10. Ecru Nottingham Lace Curtains, per pair, worth 65c..... 39c.
- 6 to 10. Ladies' Satin Stock Collars, in red, blue and maize..... 9c.
- 6 to 10. A job in well-made Curling Irons..... 21/2c.
- 6 to 10. Imported Kid, Curlers, which sell for 8c..... 4c.
- 6 to 10. Shell Combs and Hair Pins, which sell for 15c..... 9c.
- 6 to 10. Fancy Frilled Hose Supporters, in a variety of pretty colors..... 21c.
- 6 to 10. Oval Tea Trays, 12-inch, neatly japanned and decorated..... 7c.
- 6 to 10. Oval Wash Boilers, made with heavy copper bottoms..... 59c.
- 6 to 10. Rattan Furniture Beaters, strongly made..... 7c.
- 6 to 10. 4-quart size Watering Cans, extra heavy tin..... 14c.
- 6 to 10. First quality Extra Thin Table Tumblers..... 2c.
- 6 to 10. Carlsbad China Plates, assorted sizes and decorations..... 9c.
- 6 to 10. An odd lot of Men's summer Underwear, Shirts and Drawers 15c.
- 6 to 10. Peerless Brand Percale Shirts, made with two separate collars..... 39c.
- 6 to 10. Ladies' Lawn Shirt Waists, all colors and all sizes 29c.
- 6 to 10. Light-weight Crash Skirts, made with deep hem..... 25c.
- 6 to 10. Ladies' Fine Madras Shirt Waists, made with tucks and inserting..... 69c.
- 6 to 10. Children's Fine Mulled Trimmed Leghorn Hats, assorted colors..... 98c.
- 6 to 10. Infants' Muslin Long Slips 25c.
- 6 to 10. An assorted lot of Ladies' Chemise, Gowns and Skirts..... 49c.

YOU'LL FIND SUFFICIENT QUANTITIES OF ALL THESE GOODS ADVERTISED FROM 6 TO 10.

Open Late Tonight.

S. Kann, Sons & Co., 8TH & MARKET SPACE

The Yankee Farmer

—so they say, "packed all his best apples in the bottom of the barrel, and then turned the barrel upside down." There are no such "tricks of the trade" about

Cream Blend FLOUR.

It's always the same— all the way through. Whether you buy a small sack, or a hundred barrels, every pound of it will be BEST FLOUR—pure wheat flour—that never fails to make light, nutritious, delicious Bread, Cake, Pies, etc.

Specify "Cream Blend" when ordering, and insist that your grocer sends it.

B.B. Earnshaw & Bro., Wholesale, 1108-1109 11th st. s.e. 1000-1002 M. st. s.e. 11

FIRWOOD.

At East Hyattsville, the beautiful suburb of Northeast Washington, has been provided with a place of rest and refreshment so long needed by ladies and gentlemen. You can now get a fine lunch, dinner or supper at "Firwood," as well as such refreshments as ice cream, fruit, cake, etc. Ample provision for those who drive or bicycle. Remember also that the City and Suburban electric cars, starting from G and 10th sts., as well as the Baltimore and Ohio local trains stop at the place.

Firwood is truly a beautiful place, with lovely lawns and shade trees. We need only state that W. H. A. Wootley, formerly of Wootley's Hotel of this city, is the proprietor. je17-law6-19

Appearance Is Half

of comfort. You can "dress up" your home in summer outfit—and it will pull the mercury down several degrees.

The transformation won't cost much. We've got ALL the needed things—

Straw Mattings, Refrigerators, Bed Furniture, Screens, Screen Doors, Thin Draperies, Hammocks, Bordered Rugs, Moth Paper, Cedar Chests, Porch and Lawn Furniture—and we'll make Ship Covers to order for the "stuffed" pieces.

We make it a feature to be LOWEST in price—ALWAYS!

Hoeke,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, Pa. Ave. and 8th St.

Give Your Grocer

No choice. Tell him you have a reputation as a cook to suit the house, and you will get the best bread results except with

'CERES' Flour

There is no flour "just as good" for there is only one "CERES." It makes the lightest, whitest and most nutritious bread. Your grocer sells it.

Wm. M. Galt & Co., 1st and Ind. ave. Wholesalers.

Take Care of Your Hair.

** If your hair is thin—or is coming out—or if you're troubled with Dandruff—you certainly need Williams' QUININE and RUM HAIR TONIC. It gives new life to the hair—prevents the hair from falling out—makes it grow soft, glossy and luxuriant. It keeps the scalp clean and healthy—and is a sure cure for Dandruff. Ladies who want beautiful hair should never be without this matchless tonic.

ONLY 50c. BOTTLE.

WILLIAMS' Temple Drug Store, Cor. 9th and F Sts.

Used by the Government!

"Uncle Sam" is very wary of the supple, he is a gift from his household. A coat that's used by the government is sure to be the best. The U. S. Treasury Dept. has a "Warrant" for "Warrant" for making steam. One-third less cost in required if smoke burner is used.

Sale agents.

Wm. J. Zeh, NOW 702 11th. je17-18d

One Week's Trial Free.

When we fit a Truss it's fit perfectly. Half the people we're fitting are not rightly fitted. Guard against that by consulting us. Lady in attendance in the ladies' department.

Mertz's Pharmacy, 11th and F Sts.

The Best Fireworks up to date. Best Firecrackers. FOR SALE, WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Hip Chong Lung, je17-19c 110 4th St. N.W.

A Coming Sale.

Trunks

Monday—June 19—is the day. And it will be remembered by many as a money-saving day. Special prices are to be quoted that should make the reader anticipate future as well as present needs. Note that each trunk and bag is to remain marked with the regular price. The list below tells of Monday's special prices. Preserve it.

Hand-made Trunks.

Inches...	28	30	32	34	36	38	40
Regular...	\$7.50	\$8.25	\$8.95	\$9.75	\$10.50	\$11.25	\$11.95
Monday...	\$6.00	\$6.75	\$7.50	\$8.25	\$8.95	\$9.75	\$10.50

Are these the best Trunks? To be convinced carefully examine those here and then compare with others elsewhere. If you can save a dollar or so by making a selection on Monday you will have cause to be glad you read the Palais Royal announcement.

Note the points of a Best Trunk:—It should be covered with extra-heavy English duck... slats, lock, bolt, lugs, hinges and handles should have burglar-proof rivets and burrs... it should have three strap hinges, No. 5 bolts and best Excelsior lock... it should be lined throughout, have two trays and hat box... it should look what it is—a best trunk.

Bureau Trunks. Cheap Trunks.

Regular price.....\$9.48
Monday's price.....\$8.00

Saved.....\$1.48

The Bureau Trunk when closed looks like an ordinary large trunk. When open it is a bureau, with four large drawers and capacious hat box. It is lined lined; has best Excelsior lock, No. 4 bolt locks, 10-inch strap hinges. Extra good value at \$9.48.

A cheap trunk is generally a worthless trunk. One of the few exceptions is the Palais Royal Cheap Trunk—canvassed, protected with hardwood slats, iron bands, steel corners, brass lock, safety catches. Inside tray and hat box—a wonder trunk. Basement floor.

Traveling Bags.

Everything here from the least expensive to the highest priced bag. The price marked on each is the least even a cash business can afford. The special prices can be but for a day—Monday.

Alligator Bags. Cabin Bags.

Regular price.....\$4.85
Monday's price.....\$4.10

Saved.....75c.

Genuine alligator, the fashionable Club shape. Brass lock and catches. Leather lining—the trunk store bag that sells at \$5.

The wear-resisting Grain Leather Cabin Bag, so constructed that it holds many articles, easily got at. The man's bag.

Cheap Bags. Suit Cases.

Regular price.....82c.
Monday's price.....65c.

Saved.....17c.

Clever imitation of the expensive bags. Lined instead of leather lining. The outside appearance is that of an expensive bag.

Made of a patented composition that is light in weight, waterproof and otherwise indestructible. An ideal Dress Suit Case.

Extension Cases, Leather Corners, Straps and Handle.

Inches.....	14	16	18	20	22	24	26
Regular prices.....	30c	43c	57c	69c	82c	95c	\$1.10
Monday's prices....	25c	35c	48c	59c	72c	85c	98c

"That is Love."

When wife busies herself these torrid days to make home cozy, when she cooks herself in seeing to the cooking of hot meals—that is love. When husband allows her to do all this without labor and time-saving utensils—that is not love. Perhaps he is more thoughtless than cruel. The list below is for loving wives and thoughtless husbands:

\$1.39 Monday for \$1.50 Double-burner Gas Stove. \$1.10 for the \$1.20 Oven. \$5.39 for the \$5.98 "Brooklyn" Gas Range.

\$4.98 Monday for \$5.50 Dinner and Tea Sets of 100 pieces, decorated in colors.

\$3.25 Monday for \$3.98 American Porcelain Toilet Sets, pieces, decorated in colors and gold stippled.

43c yard Monday for the 50c Silver-bleached Table Linen, 72 inches wide. \$1.19 instead of \$1.25 dozen for the Napkins.

11c Monday for the 12½c Hawk Towels, 20x40 inches. Hemmed, ready for use.

30c dozen Monday for Thin Glass Table Tumblers. 10c for 2-quart Water Pitchers. 2c for Plastic Saucers. 10c for Flower Vases, imitating cut glass.

\$6.98 Monday for any size White Enamelled Iron Bed with superior springs and reversible mattress. Ten dollars' worth for \$6.98.

\$1.69 Monday for pair of Feather Pillows, low weighing six pounds. 47c for best Lockwood Sheets, \$1.50 inches. 12½c for Hemstitched Pillow Cases. 50c for Summer-weight Bed Spreads.

\$6.98 Monday for Self-opening Box Couch, upholstered in the Densim or Cretone you select from the vast variety here. Complete for \$6.98.

The Palais Royal, A. Lisner - - - G and 11th Sts.